# MANALAPAN TOWNSHIP POLICE DEPARTMENT

# **GENERAL ORDER**



BY THE ORDER OF: # OF PAGES:
Chief Michael Fountain 15

EFFECTIVE DATE: ACCREDITATION STANDARDS: 1.3.3

May 2, 2018

#### **PURPOSE**

The purpose of this general order is to establish policy and procedures consistent with the guidelines established by the Attorney General of the State of New Jersey and the Monmouth County Prosecutor regarding drug testing.

#### **POLICY**

It is the policy of the Manalapan Township Police Department that the critical mission of law enforcement justifies the maintenance of a drug free work environment through the establishment and use of a reasonable drug-testing program.

The police profession has several uniquely compelling interests that justify the use of drug testing. The public has a right to expect that those who protect them are at all times both physically and mentally prepared to perform these duties. There is sufficient evidence to conclude that the use of controlled substances, and other forms of drug abuse, will seriously impair an employee's physical and mental health, and thus, their job performance.

Where police officers or police employees participate in improper drug use and drug activity, the integrity of the police profession and public confidence in it are destroyed. This confidence is further eroded by the potential for corruption created by drug use.

Therefore, in order to ensure the integrity of the department and to preserve public trust and confidence in a fit and drug free police profession, this department has instituted a drug testing program to deter prohibited drug use by all sworn and non-sworn personnel.

Although this general order normally applies to applicants, recruits and in-service sworn personnel, sufficient inferences can be drawn to apply certain provisions of this general order to non-sworn police personnel in the area of reasonable suspicion drug testing or fitness for duty drug testing.

This general order is considered an annex to the rules and regulations of the police department.

#### **PROCEDURES**

#### I. DEFINITIONS

- A. <u>Applicant</u> is any person who applies for the position of police officer in the Manalapan Police Department Police Department.
- B. <u>Central drug registry</u> is the statewide database that is maintained by the NJSP in which the names and corresponding information of all law enforcement applicants, trainees and/or sworn officers who test positive for any of the substances delineated in this general order, or the corresponding Attorney General Guidelines and Monmouth County Prosecutor's Office Directive are to be reported and recorded.
- C. <u>Drug test</u> is the compulsory production and submission of urine by an employee in accordance with these established procedures for laboratory analysis to detect prohibited drug use.
- D. <u>Employee</u> includes any civilian employee assigned to or under the supervision of the police department.
- E. <u>Officer</u> is a sworn police officer, regardless of rank or assignment, who is responsible for the enforcement of the criminal laws of this state. Officer also includes special law enforcement officers (SLEO).
- F. <u>Positive result</u> is the result given to a specimen that is tested and confirmed to be positive for a controlled substance following laboratory analysis and a review by a medical review officer at the laboratory after comparison with the medication information report and it is determined that any substance listed on the report does not explain the test result.
- G. Random selection is defined as the method by which every police officer (excluding trainees in the police academy and sworn officers on extended sick/injured leave), regardless of rank or assignment has an equal chance of being selected for drug testing each and every time a drug test is conducted. NOTE: For the purposes of this general order, 'extended sick/injury leave' is defined as an illness/injury in which the officer's return is not anticipated for at least one month from the date of the selection process.)
- H. Reasonable suspicion is that quantity of proof or evidence that is more than a hunch, but less than probable cause. Reasonable suspicion must be based on specific, articulable, objective facts and any rationally derived inferences from those facts about the conduct of an individual that would lead a reasonable person to suspect that the individual is or has been using drugs while either on or off duty.
- I. <u>Recruit/trainee</u> is any applicant who is undergoing mandatory basic training in a police academy.
- J. <u>Sworn officer</u> is any persons responsible for the enforcement of the criminal laws of the State of New Jersey, come under the jurisdiction of the Police Training Act, and are authorized to carry a firearm under <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 2C: 39-6.
- K. <u>Supervisor</u> is a sworn officer formally assigned to a position having day-to-day responsibility for supervising subordinates or who is responsible for commanding a work unit.

#### II. TESTING – GENERAL

# A. Applicants:

- 1. Applicants for the position of police officer and special law enforcement officer (SLEO) are required to submit a urine specimen at any time prior to appointment <u>but</u>, following a formal conditional offer of employment. A statement of this requirement shall be included in the application for employment (*Appendix A*).
- 2. A negative result is a condition of employment.
- 3. A positive result or a refusal to submit a specimen for testing will result in the applicant being dropped from consideration for employment, cause the applicant's name to be reported to the central drug registry maintained by the State Police, and preclude the applicant from being considered for future law enforcement employment for a period of two years.
- 4. If the applicant is currently employed by another agency as a sworn law enforcement officer and the officer tests positive for unlawful drug use, the officer's employing agency shall be notified of the test results without undue delay.
- 5. Any Manalapan Police Department police officer who is an applicant in another jurisdiction and yields a positive drug test result after undergoing drug testing by that jurisdiction in comportment with the guidelines established by the Attorney General of the State of New Jersey shall be:
  - a. Immediately suspended from all duties;
  - b. Terminated from employment as a police officer upon final disciplinary action.
  - c. Reported to the central drug registry maintained by the State Police.
  - d. Permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in the State of New Jersey.

## B. Recruit/trainee:

- Recruits/trainees shall be required to submit one or more urine specimens for testing at any time while they attend a mandatory basic training course. All drug testing conducted during mandatory basic training will comply with the rules and regulations established by the Police Training Commission.
- 2. All newly appointed officers shall be informed that drug testing is mandatory during their basic training.
- 3. A negative result(s) is a condition of continued employment.
- 4. A positive test result will result in the following:

- a. The recruit shall be immediately dismissed from the police academy and immediately suspended from this department.
- b. The recruit shall be terminated from employment as a police officer upon final disciplinary action.
- c. The recruit's name shall be reported to the central drug registry maintained by the State Police.
- d. The recruit shall be permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in the State of New Jersey.
- 5. Refusal to submit to a drug test shall result in the same penalties set forth in subsection II.A.5 above.
- 6. Individual trainees may also be required to submit a urine specimen for testing when reasonable suspicion exists to believe that the trainee is illegally using drugs. A recruit/trainee shall be ordered to submit to a drug test based on reasonable suspicion only with the approval of the Monmouth County Prosecutor, the Chief of Police, or the academy director.

## C. Officers/random selection:

- 1. Urine specimens shall be ordered from officers who have been randomly selected to submit to a drug test.
- 2. All sworn members of the agency are eligible for random drug testing, regardless of rank or assignment.
- 3. Approximately ten percent of the sworn workforce shall be selected each time including SLEO II/III personnel. The frequency and dates of the selection shall be at the sole discretion of the Chief of Police, which shall be at a minimum of two tests per calendar year.
- 4. Selection shall be made randomly utilizing a computer program listing all sworn personnel and SLEO II/III personnel or each officer's social security number will be assigned a numerical number and marked on a ball or other non-identifiable object, which is selected from a container.
- 5. Normally, the internal affairs commander shall conduct the random selection process while witnessed by the Chief of Police or his/her designee and one representative from the police unions. The Chief of Police may select other personnel of his/her choosing to conduct the selection process.
- 6. A negative test result is a condition of continued employment.
- 7. A positive test result will result in the following:
  - a. The officer shall be immediately suspended from all duties;
  - b. The officer shall be terminated from employment as a police officer upon final disciplinary action.
  - c. The officer's name shall be reported to the central drug registry

maintained by the State Police.

- d. The officer shall be permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in the State of New Jersey.
- 8. Officer(s) who refuse to submit to random drug testing are subject to the same penalties set forth above in subsection II.C.6.
- 9. Officer(s) who have been randomly selected shall be notified by the professional responsibility commander or his/her designee and shall immediately report to the designated collection facility at the date and time specified.
- 10. The Chief of Police or his/her designee, professional responsibility commander or designee, internal affairs supervisor and each witness shall sign the *Random Drug Testing ID Number Selection form (Appendix C)*. The original document shall be maintained in the internal affairs files within the Chief's Office.
- 11. Any employee of the police department who discloses the identity of an officer selected for random drug testing, the fact that a random drug test is scheduled, or that they had supplied a sample for random drug testing shall be subject to disciplinary action.

## D. Officers/reasonable suspicion:

- In addition to random testing, urine specimens shall be ordered from any
  officer when reasonable suspicion exists to believe that the officer is
  improperly using drugs. For this purpose, urine specimens shall not be
  ordered from the officer without the approval of the Monmouth County
  Prosecutor or the Chief of Police.
- 2. A negative test result is a condition of continued employment.
- 3. A positive test result will result in the following:
  - a. The officer shall be immediately suspended from all duties;
  - b. The officer shall be terminated from employment as an officer upon final disciplinary action.
  - c. The officer's name shall be reported to the central drug registry maintained by the State Police.
  - d. The officer shall be permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in the State of New Jersey.

- 4. If an officer refuses to submit to a drug test based on reasonable suspicion after being lawfully ordered to do so, the officer shall be charged with gross insubordination and also is subject to the same penalties as for those who test positive for the illegal use of drugs, see above subsection II.D.3.
- 5. Regardless of the reason for testing, any officer who tests positive for improper drug use or refuses to submit to a drug test, and who resigns or retires in lieu of disciplinary action or prior to the completion of final disciplinary action, shall be reported to the central drug registry maintained by the State Police and shall be permanently barred from future law enforcement employment in New Jersey.
- 6. Any officer who has reason to believe that a member of this agency is utilizing illegal drugs must report that suspicion or face disciplinary action.
- 7. Any officer having reasonable suspicion of illegal drug use by another officer must report it by way of a confidential report to the Chief of Police or the internal affairs commander. The report shall detail the facts that form the basis of reasonable suspicion of illegal drug use.

## E. Fitness for duty examinations:

- 1. Urine samples may be requested by a physician designated by the Township of Manalapan during any regularly scheduled and announced medical examination or a fitness for duty examination. The subsequent collection and analysis of any specimen obtained through a medical examination or fitness for duty examination will be under the control of the Manalapan Township-designated physician.
- 2. All personnel shall be required to submit to urine testing when told to by the Manalapan Township physician or Manalapan Township-designated physician.
- 3. Failure to submit to this physician ordered urine testing shall be considered a form of gross insubordination and subject to termination upon final disciplinary action.
- F. Civilian personnel reasonable suspicion/fitness for duty examinations:
  - 1. Civilian personnel are often called upon to perform a myriad of duties that had traditionally been performed by sworn police officers. These duties require civilians to act and otherwise make decisions that are a matter of public safety and include, but are not limited to the following positions:
    - a. Police information systems manager/terminal agency coordinator(s);
    - b. School crossing guards;
    - c. Clerks/stenographers/secretaries, etc.

- 2. Urine specimens shall be ordered from any civilian employee when reasonable suspicion exists to believe that the employee is improperly using drugs. For this purpose, urine specimens shall not be ordered from the employee without the approval of the Chief of Police, internal affairs commander or their designees.
- 3. Normally, reasonable suspicion drug testing and fitness for duty drug testing will be performed by a physician or facility designated by the Township Administrator.
- 4. If an employee refuses to submit to a drug test based on reasonable suspicion after being lawfully ordered to do so, the employee is subject to termination upon final disciplinary action for gross insubordination.
- 5. Any employee who has reason to believe that a member of this agency is utilizing illegal drugs must report that suspicion or face disciplinary action. These suspicions must be reported by way of a confidential report to the Chief of Police or the internal affairs commander. The report shall detail the facts that form the basis of reasonable suspicion of illegal drug use.

#### III. PRELIMINARY PROCEDURES

## A. Police applicants:

- 1. Prior to submitting a specimen, an applicant shall execute a form consenting to the collection and analysis of their urine for drugs. This form shall include wording advising them that a negative result is a condition of employment and a statement of the consequences of a positive test or refusal to submit a specimen (Appendix A).
- Once there has been a conditional offer of employment, the applicant will be required to complete the medical questionnaire form prior to submission of a specimen and list all medications both prescription and over-the-counter (non-prescription). The conditional offer of employment is a prerequisite for completion of this form.
- 3. Applicants shall subject to the acquisition procedures set forth in section IV.

## B. Recruit/trainee:

1. All drug testing conducted during mandatory basic training shall comply with the rules and regulations established by the Police Training Commission and conducted under the auspices of the police academy director or designee (Appendix B).

## C. Random testing of officers:

1. This department will conduct random drug testing upon all officers regardless of rank or assignment.

- 2. The internal affairs commander or his/her designee is responsible for the selection, notification, collection, monitoring, chain of custody, storage and transport of urine specimens to the State Toxicology Laboratory and any subsequent recordkeeping which is necessary to ensure that the testing process is conducted in a prompt, efficient and confidential manner.
- 3. The tests may include testing for steroids.
- 4. A representative of the police union(s) shall be notified of every <u>random selection process</u> and may witness the random selection. The union representative(s) shall not be informed of the officers' names. Each representative shall indicate whether they had witnessed the random selection process or declined to do so on the *Random Drug Testing ID Number Selection* form.

# D. Civilian employees:

- 1. Mandatory drug testing will be performed on all civilian police employees after being provided with a conditional offer of employment, but prior to hiring. All testing will be performed under the auspices of the Township Administrator at a location selected by the Township Administrator.
- 2. Reasonable suspicion drug testing and drug testing performed during a fitness for duty examination are also under the auspices of the Township Administrator at a location selected by the Township Administrator.
- 3. Normally, drug test results will be forwarded to the Manalapan Township physician or Manalapan Township-designated physician for review. The physician will interpret the results and tender a recommendation to the Township Administrator concerning the employee's employment status.
- 4. If the drug test reveals the use of any unlawful substance, the employee will have the conditional offer of employment withdrawn or be subject to termination upon final disciplinary action, whatever is applicable.
- 5. The presence of a lawful substance is subject to review by the Manalapan Township designated physician and Chief of Police to determine if the substance is or has adversely affected the employee's job performance. Any employment action will be decided on a case-by-case basis in comportment with ADA guidelines.

## IV. ACQUISITION PROCEDURES

- A. This section applies to sworn applicant testing, random officer testing, and reasonable suspicion testing <u>for sworn officers only</u>.
- B. Throughout the testing process, the identity of the individual applicants, trainees and sworn law enforcement officers shall remain confidential. Individual specimens shall be identified throughout the process by use of social security numbers. At no time shall an individual's name appear on any form or specimen container sent to the State Toxicology Lab.

- C. Specimens must be collected utilizing equipment and supplies approved by the State Toxicology Lab. Under no circumstances may a specimen be collected and submitted for analysis in a specimen container that has not been approved by the State Toxicology Lab.
- D. The Chief of Police may designate any staff member(s) to act as the monitor(s). The monitor(s) shall be the same gender as the subject selected. In the event of any conflict, the Chief of Police or his/her designee will select a monitor.
- E. It is the duty of the monitor(s) to ensure that all required documentation is fully and accurately completed and submitted in accordance with this general order.
- F. The subject(s) selected shall fully complete a *Medication Information Report* form (Appendix E) provided by the monitor listing any medications (prescription and non-prescription) taken within the past 30 days. No subject shall make any false or misleading statements on the report. All prescription drugs listed on the form are subject to verification. (This will be the only opportunity for the subject to disclose the medication he/she had taken. Subjects who yield positive test results will not be given another chance to list any medication they have taken.)
- G. The monitor(s) shall collect the specimen in a manner that provides for individual privacy while ensuring the integrity of the sample provided. The place that the collection takes place will be designated by the Chief of Police and may vary from test to test. The monitor shall complete the *Specimen Acquisition Report* form (*Appendix D*) for each person tested. Specimens shall be collected utilizing equipment and supplies approved by the State Toxicology Laboratory.
  - 1. Urine specimens will be acquired and processed in accordance with procedures established by the State Toxicology Lab.
  - 2. The monitor shall inspect the appropriate forms for accuracy/completeness.
  - 3. The monitor and the person voiding the sample shall inspect the package in which the specimen bottle is contained to ensure that it is intact.
  - 4. The applicant, trainee or sworn officer shall empty his/her pockets and thoroughly wash his/her hands prior to the voiding of the sample.
  - 5. The package containing the specimen bottle shall be broken and the applicant, trainee or sworn officer shall complete the specimen label in pencil. This label shall be placed inside the specimen bottle prior to the voiding of the sample.
  - 6. The applicant, trainee or sworn officer shall void into the specimen collection container (50ml).
  - 7. After a specimen has been produced, the applicant, trainee or sworn officer shall seal the specimen container and deliver it to the monitor.
  - 8. Subjects shall provide a second specimen that must be collected at the same time as the first. This specimen shall be collected in the same manner as the first specimen.

- 9. The monitor shall confirm that the specimens are not adulterated. This includes inspection of the specimen bottles and verification of the temperatures of the voided samples via the temperature strips on the specimen bottles.
- 10. A temperature reading in the range of 90-100 degrees must be reached from 30 seconds after samples are voided and will remain up to 5 minutes after samples are voided. If the temperatures are not within this range in the given time frame, the samples are considered adulterated and are to be discarded and new specimens will be obtained while the monitor witnesses the voiding of the specimens. The circumstances surrounding the discarding of the adulterated specimens and the witnessing of the voiding of new samples must be documented.
- 11. Once the monitor is satisfied that the required documentation is accurate/complete and he/she has inspected the specimen container to determine that a specimen has been produced, the monitor shall take possession of the specimen, ensure proper chain of custody procedures are adhered to and ensure that it is delivered to the State Toxicology Lab for analysis within one working day. For transportation purposes, the specimen should be placed in a cooler containing ice pack and transported in this manner.
- H. Subjects will provide the required specimen without direct observation of the monitor unless there is reason to believe that the individual will adulterate the specimen or otherwise compromise the integrity of the process. Under these circumstances, the monitor may directly observe the production of a specimen. The monitor must fully document the facts and circumstances underlying their belief that the subject may adulterate a specimen or compromise the integrity of the process.
- I. Subjects must provide the specimen upon being ordered to do so. Subjects that are initially unable to do so may be permitted to drink water in an attempt to induce the production of a specimen. Subjects shall not be permitted to consult with anyone prior to submitting the specimen. Any attempt to delay the submission of a specimen, based upon his/her desire to consult with anyone, will be treated as a refusal. If the subject remains unable to provide a specimen after a reasonable amount of time, the monitor may direct the individual to be examined by a physician to determine whether the inability to produce a specimen is as a result of a medical or physical infirmity or a refusal to cooperate with the testing process.
- J. The chain of custody procedures established for the collection of urine specimens and their subsequent submission to the New Jersey State Toxicology Laboratory within the Division of Criminal Justice shall be adhered to as set forth in the *Attorney General's Law Enforcement Drug Testing Policy*.
- K. The monitor will secure all samples in a secured refrigerated storage area. The access to this repository shall be restricted to the Chief of Police or his/her designee and the internal affairs commander.
  - 1. If the test results in a negative reading, the second sample will be destroyed.
  - 2. If the test results in a positive reading, the officer shall notify the department within 10 days of their intent to have the second sample tested by an

independent laboratory. If the sample is not claimed and presented to the independent laboratory within 60 days, it will be destroyed.

- L. The second specimen shall be released under the following circumstances:
  - 1. This department is notified by the State of New Jersey Toxicology Laboratory that the specimen tested positive for controlled substance(s); and
  - 2. This department is notified by the officer that tested positive that they wish to have their second specimen tested by an independent laboratory; and
  - 3. The officer designates a laboratory, licensed as an approved clinical laboratory by the New Jersey Department of Health under *The New Jersey Clinical Laboratory Improvement Act*, to conduct the independent test; and
  - 4. A representative of the designated clinical laboratory takes possession of the second specimen in accordance with acceptable chain of custody procedures.
- M. All secondary testing of specimens shall be at the expense of the officer tested.
- N. ANY OFFICER OR EMPLOYEE OF THE POLICE DEPARTMENT WHO KNOWINGLY TAMPERS WITH ANY SPECIMEN, OR OTHERWISE COMPROMISES THE TESTING PROCESS SHALL BE SUBJECT TO CRIMINAL AND/OR DISCIPLINARY ACTION.
- O. Minimally, the State Toxicology Laboratory shall analyze each specimen for the following substances and their metabolites:
  - 1. Amphetamine/methamphetamine:
  - 2. Barbiturates;
  - 3. Benzodiazepine;
  - 4. Cannaboids;
  - 5. Cocaine;
  - 6. Methadone:
  - 7. Phencyclidine;
  - 8. Opiates;
  - 9. Steroids, when appropriate and at the request of the Chief of Police;
    - a. The Chief of Police retains the option to incorporate the testing for steroids into the random drug testing program.
    - b. The testing for the presence of steroids is mandatory whenever there is reasonable suspicion that the officer is utilizing such drugs.

- 10. Other drug or substance deemed necessary by the Chief of Police, County Prosecutor, or Attorney General.
- P. When the results are received from the lab and are negative, the internal affairs commander will generate a letter indicating such, attach a copy of the lab report to this letter, place it in an envelope and seal it. This envelope will then be delivered to the officer involved.
- Q. In the event of a positive test result, the applicant, trainee, or sworn officer shall be notified as soon as practicable. Upon written request, the individual may receive a copy of the laboratory report.
  - 1. The State Toxicology Lab shall not report a specimen as having tested positive for a controlled substance until the specimen has undergone a confirmatory test and the medical review officer has reviewed the results of that test with the medical questionnaire pertinent to that specimen.
  - 2. Under no circumstances can this agency or an individual resubmit a specimen for testing or ask that a particular specimen within the possession of the State Toxicology Laboratory be retested.

#### V. SUBMISSION OF SPECIMENS FOR ANALYSIS

- A. The New Jersey State Toxicology Laboratory within the Division of Criminal Justice will constitute the <u>sole</u> facility for the analysis of law enforcement drug tests. This department is not permitted to use any other facility or laboratory for purposes of analyzing urine specimens. The New Jersey State Toxicology Laboratory must reject specimens that it has reason to believe have been subject to tampering.
- B. Urine specimens should be submitted to the State Toxicology Laboratory within one (1) working day of their collection. In the event a specimen cannot be submitted to the laboratory within one (1) working day of its collection, the agency shall store the specimen in a controlled access refrigerated storage area until submission to the State Toxicology Laboratory. Although the Attorney General Guidelines authorize commercial couriers for the submission of specimens to the State Toxicology Laboratory, it is the policy of Monmouth County, that only agency personnel submit specimens.

## VI. ACCIDENTAL/INADVERTENT EXPOSURE

- A. Any officer or employee who believes that he/she may have been exposed to any substance that could render a positive test result must notify this department immediately after the exposure. If the exposure occurs on duty the officer or employee must immediately notify their supervisor.
- B. A report detailing the exposure shall be forwarded to the Chief of Police or the internal affairs commander through the chain of command. If the exposure occurs off duty, notification must be made as soon as practicable.

# VII. POSITIVE TEST RESULT PRECIPITATED BY LAWFUL AND REPORTED PRESCRIPTION MEDICATION

- A. Any test that reveals the presence of a drug or substance listed on the subject's *Medication Information Report* will be reported to the Chief of Police. This result will be reported with the explanation that the substance was listed on the *Medication Information Report*.
- B. The Chief of Police has the option of causing a further investigation into the propriety of the listed substance and its use. The Chief of Police may require documentation from the employee's physician that the medication was lawfully prescribed and does not render the employee unfit for duty.

## VIII. NOTIFICATIONS

- A. The Chief of Police shall notify the Monmouth County Prosecutor and the first assistant prosecutor if any police officer tests positive or refuses to be tested pursuant to this general order.
- B. Applicants, trainees and sworn officers who test positive for the unlawful use of drugs, or who refuses an order to submit a urine sample when ordered to shall be reported to the *Central Drug Registry* maintained by the New Jersey State Police on a form approved for use by the Attorney General. Notifications to the *Central Drug Registry* shall include the following information as to each individual:
  - 1. Name and address of the submitting agency, and the contact person;
  - 2. Name of the individual who tested positive;
  - 3. Their last known address;
  - 4. Their date of birth:
  - 5. Their social security number:
  - 6. Their SBI number (if known);
  - 7. Their gender;
  - 8. Their race;
  - 9. Their eye color;
  - 10. The substance for which they tested positive, or circumstances of the refusal to submit a urine sample;
  - 11. Date of the drug test or refusal;
  - 12. Date of final dismissal or separation from this agency; and
  - 13. Whether the subject was an applicant, trainee or sworn officer.
- C. The certification section of the notification form must be completed by the Chief of Police and notarized with a raised seal.

#### IX. RECORDKEEPING

- A. The internal affairs commander shall maintain all records relating to the drug testing of applicants, trainees and law enforcement officers, which shall be stored in the internal affairs files within the Chief's Office.
- B. These records shall include, but are not limited to:
  - 1. The identity of those ordered to submit urine samples;
  - 2. The reason for the order:
  - 3. The date the sample was collected;
  - 4. The name of the monitor;
  - 5. The chain of custody of the sample from the time it was collected until the time it was received by the State Toxicology Laboratory;
  - 6. The results of the drug testing;
  - 7. Copies of notifications to the subject of the drug testing;
  - 8. For any positive result, documentation from the employee's physician that the medication was lawfully prescribed and does not render the employee unfit for duty;
  - 9. For any positive result or refusal, appropriate documentation of the disciplinary action.
- C. For random selection drug testing, the records will also include:
  - 1. A description of the process used to randomly select officers for drug testing;
  - 2. The date the selection was made:
  - 3. A copy of the document listing the identities of those selected for drug testing;
  - 4. A list of those who were actually tested; and
  - 5. The date(s) those officers were tested.
- D. Sworn applicant drug testing, random selection drug testing, and reasonable suspicion for sworn officer drug testing records shall be maintained with the level of confidentiality required for internal affairs files pursuant to the *New Jersey Internal Affairs Policy and Procedures* manual.
- E. Drug testing records for civilian employees will be kept and maintained by the Township Administrator.

#### X. NOTIFICATION TO COUNTY PROSECUTOR

- A. The Chief of Police or his/her designee shall provide a confidential written notice to the Monmouth County Prosecutor's Office within 10 days in the event of:
  - 1. A positive drug test by an officer;
  - 2. An officer's refusal to take the drug test; or
  - 3. Administration of a reasonable suspicion drug test to an officer.
  - 4. Upon completion of any disciplinary action, the Chief of Police or his/her designee shall report such discipline to the Monmouth County Prosecutor's Office.
- B. By December 31<sup>st</sup> of each year, the Chief of Police or his/her designee shall provide written notice to the Monmouth County Prosecutor's Office of:
  - 1. The dates of testing conducted during the previous year;
  - 2. The total number of sworn officers employed by the agency;
  - 3. The total number of sworn officers tested; and
  - 4. The total number of sworn officers who tested positive.

## XI. PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY AND CONFIDENTIALITY

- A. This general order shall be made available to the public upon request and shall be posted on the agency website. Annual reports from the Monmouth County Prosecutor's Office to the New Jersey Attorney General, as required by Section X, shall also be made available to the public upon request and shall be posted on the agency website. (Note: such reports can be made accessible through the use of a hyperlink).
- B. All written reports created or submitted pursuant to this general order that identify specific officers are confidential and not subject to public disclosure.